Form WT-4A WORKSHEET FOR EMPLOYEE WITHHOLDING AGREEMENT		2016
1. Filing Status: A. Single C. Married, expect to file a separate Wisconsin tax return D. Head of Househ		
2. Estimated 2016 Wisconsin income. (Caution: Before entering an amount, see the instructions for line 2 on the reverse side. Include your income and your spouse's income if you checked filing status "B".)	2	
3. Estimated standard deduction and exemptions. (See instructions for line 3 and Standard Deduction Schedules on the reverse side. Use the schedule that corresponds with filing status checked. Part-year and nonresidents must prorate.)	3	1 1 1
4. Estimated taxable income. (Subtract line 3 from line 2.)	4	1 1 1
5. Estimated gross tax. (See Tax Rate Schedules on the reverse side. Use the schedule that corresponds with filing status checked.)	5	
6. Estimated credits. (See line 6 instructions on the reverse side.)	6	
7. Estimated net tax liability for 2016. (Subtract line 6 from line 5. If the amount on line 6 exceeds the amount on line 5, enter zero.)	7	
8. Amount previously withheld and amount paid by Wisconsin Estimated Income Tax Voucher for 2016. (If you checked filing status "B", include amounts for both yourself and your spouse.)	8	
9. Amount which will be withheld from spouse's wages during the balance of 2016. (Complete this line only if you checked filing status "B".)	9	
10. Remaining amount to be withheld from your wages. (Add lines 8 and 9 and subtract the total from the amount shown on line 7. Enter here and on line 1 of WT-4A agreement below.)	10	

WT-4A		WISCONSIN EMPLOYEE WITHHOLDING AGREEMENT				2016
Employee's Last Name		First Name and Initial		This agreement April 30, 2017		
		Social Security	Number	mber Employer's Name		
Employee's Address (Number ar	nd Street)		1	Employer's Address (Number and Street)		
City, State and Zip Code			City, State and Zip Code			
EMPLOYEE – File a copy of this agreement and the above	Remaining worksheet	amount to be withheld. (From line 10 of employee withholding above.)			1	
worksheet with your employer and, within 10 days, send a copy to: Wis. Dept. of Revenue	Remaining employer.)	number of payr	oll periods for 20	16. (Obtain this figure from your	2	
PO Box 8906 Madison WI 53708-8906		unt to be withheld each payroll period. (Divide line 1 by the number of payroll ods entered on line 2.)			3	
EMPLOYER – Retain this agreement in your files. The amount on line 3 should be withheld from the employee's wages each payroll period rather than the amount determined from		,	knowledge and be		true, correct and complete.	
the Wis. Withholding Tax Guide.	(Signature	(Signature of employee)				ate)

INSTRUCTIONS

Who may use this form for 2016

Form WT-4A may be filed by an employee who determines that the amount withheld from his or her wages will be more than the employee's estimated net tax liability for 2016. Form WT-4A is an agreement between the employee and employer that a lesser amount will be withheld from the employee's wages than is provided for in the Wisconsin income tax withholding tables.

Before filing Form WT-4A, you should first determine if your withholding can be reduced a sufficient amount by claiming the maximum number of exemptions allowed on Form WT-4, "Employee's Wisconsin Withholding Exemption Certificate" (or on federal Form W-4, "Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate") which you completed when you started employment with your employer. If you are not claiming the maximum number of exemptions allowed, you may decrease your withholding by filing a new

Form WT-4 (or federal Form W-4) with your employer and claiming an increased number of exemptions. If you are claiming the maximum number of exemptions allowed and your withholding is still more than your estimated net tax liability for 2016, you should file Form WT-4A.

Note: If you incurred no Wisconsin income tax liability for 2015 and anticipate no liability for 2016, you may claim complete exemption from Wisconsin income tax withholding on Form WT-4.

More than one employer

If you are employed by more than one employer, you may file an Employee Withholding Agreement (Form WT-4A) with each employer, provided that the total amount withheld by all employers approximates your anticipated income tax liability for 2016.

How to file

Complete both the WT-4A worksheet and the withholding agreement. Provide one copy of the worksheet and the withholding agreement to your employer. Mail another copy to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after the WT-4A is filed with your employer.

If you do not send a copy of Form WT-4A (including the worksheet) to the department within 10 days, the law provides for a \$10 penalty to be imposed against you.

Expiration date of Form WT-4A

Form WT-4A will expire on April 30, 2017 for 2016 calendar year filers. Calendar year filers should place an "X" in the April 30, 2017 box on Form WT-4A. For fiscal year filers, the agreement will expire on the last day of the fourth month following the close of their fiscal year. Fiscal year filers should enter the appropriate expiration date in the space provided on Form WT-4A and place an "X" in the box.

How to amend your agreement

If you have already filed Form WT-4A and you have a substantial increase or decrease in your 2016 estimated tax liability, you should fill out a new Form WT-4A. Write the word "AMENDED" at the top of the new form. File one copy of the amended Form WT-4A with your employer and mail one copy to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after it is filed with your employer.

Revocation and penalties

If the department determines that the amount to be withheld per the Employee Withholding Agreement, Form WT-4A, is insufficient, the department may void the agreement by notification to the employer and employee.

If an employee enters into an agreement with the intent to defeat or evade the proper withholding of tax, the employee will be subject to a penalty equal to the difference between the amount required to be withheld and the amount actually withheld for the period that the agreement was in effect. Any employee who willfully supplies an employer with false or fraudulent information regarding an Employee Withholding Agreement with the intent to defeat or evade the proper withholding of tax may be imprisoned not more than 6 months, or fined not more than \$500 plus the cost of prosecution, or both.

2016 Standard Deduction

Schedule for Single Taxpayers						
If Wiscon	sin income is:	The 2016 Standard				
	but	Deduction is: of the				
over –	not over –	amount over –				
\$ 0	\$ 14,799	\$ 10,270				
14,799	100,383	10,270 less 12% \$ 14,800				
100,383	or over	0				
Schedule	for Head of Househo	old				
If Wiscon	isin income is:	The 2016 Standard				
	but	Deduction is: of the				
over –	not over –	amount over –				
\$ 0	\$ 14,799	\$ 13,260				
14,799	43,236	13,260 less 22.515%\$ 14,800				
43,236	100,383	10,270 less 12%14,800				
100,383	or over	0				
Schedule	for Married Filing J	ointly				
If Wiscon	sin income is:	The 2016 Standard				
	but	Deduction is: of the				
over –	not over –	amount over –				
\$ 0	\$ 21,359	\$ 19,010				
21,359	117,477	19,010 less 19.778%\$ 21,360				
117,477	or over	0				
Schedule	for Married Filing S	Separately				
If Wiscon	sin income is:	The 2016 Standard				
	but	Deduction is: of the				
over –	not over –	amount over –				
\$ 0	\$ 10,139	\$ 9,030				
10,139	55,797	9,030 less 19.778%\$ 10,140				
55,797	or over	0				

Completing the worksheet for the Employee Withholding Agreement

Line 2. Refer to the Wisconsin income reported on line 13 of Form 1, line 12 of Form 1A, line 1 of Form WI-Z or line 32 of Form 1NPR of your Wisconsin income tax return. Your 2016 Wisconsin estimated income should be computed in the same manner as you computed your 2015 Wisconsin income, taking into account any changes you expect to occur in 2016.

Line 3. Your exemptions are \$700 for yourself, \$700 for your spouse if filing a joint return, and \$700 for each dependent. Add \$250 to the total if you are 65 years of age or over and, add \$250 if your spouse is 65 years of age or over. (Exception: If you are claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, you do not qualify for an exemption.) Nonresidents and part-year residents prorate the standard deduction as follows: (1) Figure your standard deduction using your federal adjusted gross income instead of your Wisconsin income, and (2) prorate using the ratio of Wisconsin income to federal adjusted gross income. Exemptions must also be prorated using the same ratio.

Line 6. Refer to a 2015 Wisconsin Form 1, Form 1A, Form WI-Z, or Form 1NPR.

Where to get forms and assistance

You may obtain additional forms and assistance in preparing Form WT-4A at the following Department of Revenue offices:

Appleton - 265 W Northland Avenue

• (920) 832-2727

Eau Claire - State Office Bldg, 718 W Clairemont Ave

• (715) 836-2811

Madison - 2135 Rimrock Road

• (608) 266-2486

Milwaukee – State Office Bldg, 819 N 6th St, Rm 408

• (414) 227-4000

Other offices open on a limited schedule are Green Bay and Wausau.

2016 Tax Rate Schedules for Full-Year Residents*

Schedule A - Single, Head of Household, Estates and Trusts						
If taxable	income is:		The 2016			
over –		ut ot over –	Gross Tax is:		of the amount over –	
\$ 0	\$	11,120	\$ 4.0	0%\$	0	
11,120		22,230	444.80 + 5.84	4%	.11,120	
22,230		244,750	1,093.62 + 6.2	7%	.22,230	
244,750	or over		15,045.63 + 7.6	5%	244,750	

Schedule B -	Married Filing	Jointly	
If taxable income	is:	The 2016	
over –	but not over –	Gross Tax is:	of the amount over –
\$ 0	\$ 14,820	\$ 4.00%	\$ 0
14,820	29,640	592.80 + 5.84%	14,820
29,640	326,330	1,458.29 + 6.27%	29,640
326,330 or over		20,060.75 + 7.65%	326,330

Schedule C - Married Filing Separately						
If taxable	income is:	The 2016				
	but		Gros	s Tax is:	of the	
over –	not o	over –			amoun	t over –
\$ 0	\$	7,410	\$	4.00%	\$	0
7,410		14,820	29	96.40 + 5.84%		.7,410
14,820	10	63,170	72	29.14 + 6.27%	1	4,820
163,170	or over		10,03	30.69 + 7.65%	16	3,170

*Nonresidents and part-year residents must prorate the tax brackets (amounts appearing in the first two columns of the 2016 Tax Rate Schedules) based on the ratio of their Wisconsin income to their federal adjusted gross income. For example, for a single individual the tax brackets are \$11,120, \$11,110, and \$222,520. Assuming the individual has a ratio of 20%, the first \$2,224 (\$11,120 x .20) is taxed at 4%, the next \$2,222 (\$11,110 x .20) is taxed at 5.84%, and the next \$44,504 (\$222,520 x .20) is taxed at 6.27%. Taxable income over \$48,950 is taxed at 7.65%.